		A August 1051	
		4 August 1951	US 25X1
		Copy No. <i>C1-9</i>	CHOLOL-OV
	•		
	CURRENT INT	ELLIGENCE BULLETIN	
			25 X 1
	Office of C	urrent Intelligence	
	CENTRAL INT	ELLIGENCE AGENCY	
<u> </u>			
			25X

TOP SECRET

	ক	Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2012/11/16 : CIA-RDP79T00975A0003003200	012
	•		
,		SUMMARY	
		FAR EAST	
	3.	Chinese Communist attitude toward Kaesong discussions (page 3). Possible CCF reinforcements total 350,000 (page 3). Burma Road increasingly used to transport strategic goods to Chin (page 4).	a.
	4.	India and Burma may not sign the Japanese peace treaty (page 4).	
		NEAR EAST	
	5 .	Ex-Prime Minister Qavam returns to Tehran (page 5).	
		EASTERN EUROPE	25 X
is .			
	7. 8.	Tito orders officials to turn over military data to US (page 7). Yugoslav Government exerts pressure to check peasant withdrawal from cooperatives (page 8).	25 X ′
		WESTERN EUROPE	2071
		WESTERN EUROPE	
		WESTERN EUROPE	
	10.	Italian cooperation in trade controls faces Soviet reprisals (page 9)	۰

25X1

	•		
	FAR EAST		
	PAR EAST		
	1. Chinese Communist attitude toward Kaesong discussi	ons:	
	25X1————————————————————————————————————	<u> </u>	7
			- :
	Peiping held the fo garding the current disc	llowing opinions re- cussions in Kaesong:	
	(a) The Chinese Comm to secure a cease-fire that they will grant "many con		
	(b) The Peiping regime cover, during the Kaesong talks, some means wherekenter the UN and participate in the Japanese peace tree		
u	(c) Even if UN terms a completely unacceptable to Peiping, the latter will at		
	discussions		:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	2. Possible CCF reinforcements total 350, 000:		
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified	se Communist units ed and accepted in	
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived	ıv
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units whose estimated total strength would be 350,000. The	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	цу
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	ıy
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units whose estimated total strength would be 350,000. The	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	цу
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units whose estimated total strength would be 350,000. The	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	ny
1	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units whose estimated total strength would be 350,000. The	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	ıy
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units whose estimated total strength would be 350,000. The	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	1 y
	A study by Far East Con in addition to the Chines which have been identified Korea, additional units whose estimated total strength would be 350,000. The	se Communist units ed and accepted in may have arrived is would give the enem	

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Co	py Approved for Release 2012/11/16 : CIA-RDP79T00975A000300320001-2 25X1

Comment: This total is considerably in excess of the 770,000 maximum, estimated in Korea as of 1 April, that included units subsequently identified elsewhere as of that date. The total force would be equivalent to 90 full strength divisions. This number of divisions exceeds the maximum which it has heretofore been estimated that the enemy is logistically capable of maintaining in Korea.

According to a 3 August estimate of the Far East Command, however, available indications point to a continued active defense by Communist forces in Korea until such time as the present armistice parleys collapse or appear no longer profitable to the enemy.

25X1

3.	Burma Road increasingly used to transport strategic goods to China:	
	Quoting two reliable sources, an AP correspondent reports that the Burma Road is the principal overland route in Southeast Asia for supplying Communist China with strategic goods. Convoys of 50 to 60 trucks, loaded primarily with tires and petroleum products, make the trip over the Burma frontier to Kunming, Yunnan, three times a week.	
	The newsman also reports that the Burmese Government issued transit licenses for 500 tires during July, despite the fact that it explained its refusal to comply with the UN embargo against China on the grounds that there were no strategic commodities in Burma for reexport.	
•	Comment:	
	reports have frequently referred to tire and petroleum shipments over	
	25	X 1
4.	India and Burma may not sign the Japanese peace treaty:	
	Within the last week, both the Indian High	
	-4-	
	25	X 1
		pondent reports that the Burma Road is the principal overland route in Southeast Asia for supplying Communist China with strategic goods. Convoys of 50 to 60 trucks, loaded primarily with tires and petroleum products, make the trip over the Burma frontier to Kunming, Yunman, three times a week. The newsman also reports that the Burmese Government issued transit licenses for 500 tires during July, despite the fact that it explained its refusal to comply with the UN embargo against China on the grounds that there were no strategic commodities in Burma for reexport. Comment: reports have frequently referred to tire and petroleum shipments over the Burma Road. India and Burma may not sign the Japanese peace treaty:

5 X 1	
	Commissioner in London and an influential member of the Burmese Foreign Affairs Advisory Committee, who accompanied the Burmese Foreign Minister on a recent trip to India, have expressed the opinion that India and Burma would not sign the multilateral Japanese peace treaty. The Indian official has suggested the possibility that India might sign a separate bilateral treaty. The Indian press has supported this view.
	Comment: Prior to the end of July, all indications were that India would sign the multilateral Japanese peace treaty after commenting for the record on subjects such as the removal of foreign troops from Japan and the return of Formosa to Communist China. Indian opinion then apparently began to shift toward refusal to sign the treaty. This shift may have resulted from India's success in demonstrating its capabilities for independent action vis-a-vis Pakistan and the UN in Kashmir. It may also be a manifestation of the need of the Congress-Party-dominated government to take the public's mind off serious pre-election weaknesses within the party by displaying once more the government's independence and prestige as a "third force" in world affairs.
	Despite its recent protestations, Burma has never seriously expected to receive reparations from Japan. It has seized upon this issue to avoid indicating its real reason for rejecting the multi-lateral treaty fear of Communist Chinese reaction. Burma has not indicated an intention to sign a separate treaty with Japan, but it is strongly influenced by India in making important diplomatic decisions.
5 X 1	NEAR EAST
5 .	Ex-Prime Minister Qavam returns to Tehran:
	Former Prime Minister Qavam returned to Tehran on 31 July. Since his return, he is understood to have many visitors, including members of Parliament. The US Embassy in Tehran is reliably informed that the Shah did not discourage Qavam's return.
	- 5 -
	25>

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2012/11/16 : CIA-RDP79T00975A000300320001-2 25X1

•			· · ·			
tish wer aim of e While th	re organizing Parengineering his a nis report is not	Comment: The a, recently told W. rliamentary and other appointment as Prime confirmed, Qavam's	Averell Harri er support for e Minister in	man tl Qavar place	nat the E n with t of Moss	Bri- he
pute, m in the oi the extr figures who hold	il issue and simulemists. The age on the Iranian so ds a deep antipat	The Shah, who cam will provide a raultaneously put pressed Qavam is admittedene; there is no indicate the control of the contr	allying point for sure on the Production of the ication, hower	or the rime M very t ver, th	moderationister few able nat the S	tes and hah,
to Qavai	n's appointment	as Prime Minister,				
		EASTERN EURO	DE.			
<u>. </u>		EASTERN EORO	L 13			
		- 6 -				·

Declassified in Pa	rt - Sanitized Copy Appro	ved for Release 2012/11/1	6 : CIA-RDP79T0097	5A000300320001-2
	·			
,				
a a				
·				
:				
				· ·
25 X 1	•			
7.	Tito orders official	s to turn over militar	y data to US:	
ı		Marshal Ti	to has instructed	Yugoslav officials
				ole and feasible ex-
-		tent, '' in su	pplying the detail	ed data on the
	ECA. This authori	zation was made follo		ntly requested by from the US
	Embassy that the in	formation requested v	vas primarily for	economic planning
	purposes, in partice effort on the genera	ular for showing the in	mpact of the Yugo	oslav defense
	on the genera	r economy.		
,	made Chief of Staff	Comment:	When the request	was initially
	ation and declared t	f Popovic was extreme hat he could not see v	ely reluctant to it why ECA a civil	irnish the inform-
	the data. He agreed	d, however, to consul	t Tito and Foreig	n Minister
	Kardelj on the matte	er. The willingness of tme considers highly s	f the latter to ma	ke available this
	ance Yugoslav leade	ers attach to Western	assistance.	ence of the import-
	•		•	
·				
•		·		
		- 7 -		
·				
		•	<u> </u>	25X1
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Declassified in F	Part - Sanitize	d Copy Appro	ved for Releas	se 2012/11/16	6 : CIA-RDP79T00	975A0003003	20001-2 ^{?:5X}
	. ★						
. г							
25X1							
25 X 6							
÷							
,							
25X1				*.			
10). <u>Italian c</u>	ooperation i	n trade con	rols faces	Soviet reprisa	<u>ls:</u>	
			A	s a result o	of the recent It	alian ban on	transit
					non-ferrous n		
					ern European c shipments to o		
	pean por	ts. Reprisa	ls by the So	viet bloc r	nay take the fo	rm of reduc	ing the
	states th	at if other c	read grains ountries in	exported t Western E	to Italy. The Uurope fail to bl	JS Embassy lock critical	in Rome
	shipment	s to the Eas	st, the Italia	n Governn	nent should not	be expected	l to con-
	ship with	troming traino resultin	isit trade a g benefit to	nd thus pre collective	judice its Eas security. Ital	t-West trade v's trade wi	erelation-
	Soviet blo	oc for the fi	rst five mo	oths of 195	1 totalled 37, 1	00,000	5.3
	donars w	orth of imp	orts and 25,	400,000 da	ollars worth of	exports.	1. 0 1. 1.11. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
	blos for 4	1	Co	mment: W	hile Italy's tra	ide with the	Soviet
	trade for	ne Hrst Hve that period.	e months of coal and v	1951 was I zheat const	ess than five p itute an import	ercent of its	i total Italian
	imports f	rom Easter	n Europe.	Italy can p	robably obtain	sufficient w	heat
•	however,	has compel	able prices. Led Italy to	The lowe increase g	red availabilit reatly its impo	y of Europea arts of highe	an coal,
*	priced US	coal in rec	ent months.			, to or inglic	•
			•				
		<u>-</u> -					
				_			
		t t		- 9-			
					· .		
		•					25X ²
							20/